REPORT OF AUDIT

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1 DISTRICT OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Amy Greer

President

Bill Sloan

Vice-President

Gay Nesloney

Secretary

Steve Magill

Board Member

Shawn Oliver

Board Member

David Huie

Manager

Angelina Deans

Assistant Manager

Ronnie Moore

Field and Lab Technician

Stacia Penn

Office Manager

FINANCIAL SECTION



Jodi Crudgington, CPA, LLC Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1 as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1 as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of
 the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District #1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Jodí Crudgington, CPA, LLC

Brady, Texas February 14, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District's performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ending September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 10.

Using this Annual Report

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, budget and actual (budgetary basis) and 4) notes to the financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, on pages 10 and 11 provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 14. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 10. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and indicate whether the District's financial condition is better or worse than the prior year. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. The District's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is a measure of the District's financial position. Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.

All of the District's activities are considered to be governmental activities, as the District has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 12 and provide detailed information about the District's general fund, which is reported as a governmental fund.

Governmental funds - The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations.

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

At this time, the District has no fiduciary responsibilities.

The District as a Whole

Shown below is a comparison of net position for the prior fiscal year and the current year ended September 30, 2022. Net position has increased by \$327,712. This is an indicator that the District's financial condition has improved. Most of the change can be attributed to an increase in cash deposits.

	Governmental Activities 9-30-22	Governmental Activities 9-30-21
Current and other assets \$	3,104,443	2,784,775
Capital assets	86,722	77,484
Total assets	3,191,165	2,862,259
Long-term liabilities	22,397	20,409
Other liabilities	3,354	4,148
Total liabilities	25,751	24,557
Net investment in capital assets	86,722	77,484
Unrestricted	3,078,692	2,760,218
Ending net position \$	3,165,414	2,837,702

Governmental Activities

The following schedule presents a comparison between general fund revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022 and the prior fiscal year.

Revenues:	_	9-30-22	_	9-30-21		Increase (Decrease)
Taxes	\$	698,992		600,745	\$	98,247
Interest		13,014		7,520		5,494
Attorney Fees		2,046		2,159		(113)
Miscellaneous		1,717		1,734		(17)
Gain on Sale of Assets	_	_		5,750		(5,750)
Total Revenues	\$_	715,769	\$	617,908	\$_	97,861

Expenses	 9-30-22	 9-30-21	_	Increase (Decrease)
Salaries	\$ 196,693	\$ 175,271	\$	21,422
Payroll Taxes	2,884	3,304		(420)
Health Insurance	82,999	94,818		(11,819)
Contract Labor	640	=		640
Retirement	14,605	13,076		1,529
Storage	540	540		-
Utilities	3,377	3,093		284
Telephone	3,515	3,722		(207)
Furniture	727	-		727
Copier	3,483	3,504		(21)
Maintenance	375	1,140		(765)
Office Supplies	2,209	2,138		71
Janitorial	191	187		4
Election/Legal Notices	565	568		(3)
Legislative Service	2,340	10,007		(7,667)
Appraisal District	21,471	21,061		410
Legal Fees	1,001	53		948
Accounting	7,880	7,590		290
Computer	3,160	3,319		(159)

Expenses:	 9-30-22	 9-30-21		Increase (Decrease)
Vehicle Expense	\$ 1,821	\$ 1,534	\$	287
Vehicle Insurance	483	874		(391)
Travel	1,172	611		561
Meetings	1,477	1,626		(149)
Dues and Miscellaneous	4,033	3,266		767
Bonds and Insurance	3,112	1,962		1,150
Building Insurance	545	497		48
Postage	597	1,100		(503)
Attorney Fees	2,046	2,159		(113)
Geological Studies	-	875		(875)
Education Information	6,971	7,551		(580)
Water Management	3,756	4,208		(452)
Depreciation	 13,389	 12,859	_	530
Total Expenses	388,057	 382,513		5,544
Increase in net position	\$ 327,712	\$ 235,395		92,317

Revenues increased by \$97,861. Most of the increase was from tax revenue and interest income.

Expenses increased by \$5,544. In employee related expenses, salaries increased by \$21,422. Health insurance decreased by \$11,819, and retirement increased by \$1,529.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District did not amend the budget for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022. A budgetary comparison schedule is presented on pages 16 and 17. The District had no expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of September 30, 2022 the District had \$86,722 invested in capital assets, net of depreciation, including land, a building, vehicles, hydro-geo equipment, and office equipment as represented below:

	 9-30-22	 9-30-21
Land	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Building	73,482	62,509
Vehicles	35,512	35,512
Hydro Geo	48,808	47,520
Office Equipment	28,129	17,763
Accumulated Depreciation	 (104,209)	(90,820)
	\$ 86,722	\$ 77,484

During the fiscal year, the District purchased the following capital assets:

- 2 Dell Desktop Computers
- HVAC System
- Sonar Water Well Level Measuring System

The District does not own any infrastructure assets.

Debt

The District has no debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District again reduced its tax rate for the upcoming tax year due to an increase in valuations. Interest rates on savings accounts and certificates of deposit continue to rise, encouraging the District to invest more into these instruments. As water becomes a more controversial topic in Texas, any unappropriated funds will be earmarked for Legal and Hydro-Geo Research Reserve Funds.

District Programs and Water Managements

Because the area has been in a persistent drought for years, with very short periods of recovery, water conservation education continues to be a primary concern. The District hopes to alert farmers to new irrigation technologies. Collaborating with homeowners, we intend to encourage water efficient practices in landscaping. As part of our monitoring program, we will be identifying new wells to measure annually and potentially be replacing outdated monitoring equipment.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the District Office at 111 East Main Street, P.O. Box 1214, Brady, TX 76825.

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,079,294
Receivables, net	Ψ	3,079,294
Taxes		17,966
Accounts		3,239
Interest		2,970
Prepaid Expenses		974
Total Current Assets		3,104,443
Noncurrent Assets	_	0,104,440
Land (Note 5)		5,000
Other Capital Assets, net of depreciation (Note 5)		81,722
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	86,722
	_	00,1,22
Total Assets		3,191,165
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable		3,354
Total Current Liabilities		3,354
Noncurrent Liabilities	-	
Accrued Compensated Absences (Note 1)		22,397
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		22,397
Total Liabilities		25,751
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		96 700
Unrestricted		86,722
om odmotod	1	3,078,692
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,165,414

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

F	Gene	eral Government
Expenses: Salaries	•	400.000
Payroll Taxes	\$	196,693
Health Insurance		2,884
Retirement		82,999 •
Contract Labor		14,605
Storage Building		640
Utilities		540
Telephone		3,377
Furniture		3,515 727
Copier		
Maintenance		3,483
Office Supplies		375
Janitorial		2,209
Election/Legal Notices		191 565
Appraisal District		
Legal Fees		21,471 •
Legislative Service		1,001
Accounting		2,340
Computer		7,880 ·
Vehicle Expense		3,160
Vehicle Expense Vehicle Insurance		1,821 483
Travel		463 1,172
Meetings		1,477
Dues and Miscellaneous		4,033
Bonds and Insurance		
Building Insurance		3,112 545
Postage		545 597
Attorney Fees on Tax Collection		2,046
Education Information		2,046 6,971 •
Water Management		3,756
Depreciation		13,389
Total Governmental Activities		388,057
General Revenues:		300,037
Taxes		
		600 000 -
Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes		698,992
Attorney Fees on Tax Collections Interest Revenue		2,046 •
Miscellaneous		13,014 •
Total General Revenues		1,717 *
	7	715,769
Change in Net Position Net Position, Beginning		327,712 *
	Φ	2,837,702
Net Position, Ending	\$	3,165,414

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	_	GENERAL FUND
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	3,079,294
Receivables, net		
Taxes (Note 1)		17,966
Accounts		3,239
Interest		2,971
Total Assets	\$ _	3,103,470
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$	3,354
Total Liabilities		3,354
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Taxes	\$	17,966
FUND BALANCES		
Fund Balance:		
Unreserved		282,209 •
Committed for:		
Litigation		1,592,500
Research		1,162,500
Building Renovations		10,000 •
Vehicle Replacement		34,841 •
Special Purposes		100
Total Fund Balances		3,082,150
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,		
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	3,103,470

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		GENERAL FUND
	•	TONE
Reconciliation of the total fund balance of governmental funds to the net posit of governmental activities:	ion	
Total Fund Balances	\$	3,082,150
Amounts reported for governmental activities in statements of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, (net of accumulated depreciation of \$104,212)		86,722
Other assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Prepaid Insurance		973
Property taxes receivable are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are not recognized as revenue in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources - property taxes		17,966
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds: Accrued Compensated Absences		(22,397)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	3,165,414

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

REVENUES	
Property Taxes	\$ 689,707
Penalties and Interest	6,681
Interest on Investments	13,014
Attorney Fees	2,046
Miscellaneous	1,717
Total Revenues	 713,165
EXPENDITURES	
Current	
Salaries	\$ 194,733
Payroll Taxes	2,855
Health Insurance	82,999
Retirement	14,605
Contract Labor	640
Storage Building	540
Utilities	3,377
Telephone	3,515
Furniture	727
Copier Lease	3,483
Maintenance	375
Office Supplies	2,209
Janitorial	191
Election/Legal Notices	565
Appraisal District	21,471
Legal Fees	1,001
Legislative Service	2,340
Accounting	7,880
Computer	3,160
Vehicle Expense	1,821
Vehicle Insurance	483
Travel	1,172
Meetings	1,477
Dues and Miscellaneous	4,033
Bonds and Insurance	3,583
Building Insurance	567
Postage	597
Attorney Fees on Tax Collection	2,046
Education Information	6,971
Water Management	3,756
Capital Outlay	 22,627
Total Expenditures	 395,799

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance	317	7,366
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,764	1,784
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$3,082	2,150
Reconciliation of the change in fund balances of governmental funds to the change in net assets of governmental activities:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 317	,366
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and depreciated.		
Assets capitalized Depreciation expense		,627 ,389)
Property taxes reported as revenue in the Statement of Activities are not yet available. Increase in deferred inflow of resources	2	,603
Governmental funds report insurance expenditures as incurred. The Statement of Activities reports unexpired insurance as prepaid. Prepaid insurance		493
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued compensated absences	(1	088)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$,988) ,712

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

		Budgete	d Amo	unts	Ac	tual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	_	Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Po	ositive (Negative)
					•			
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	659,106	\$	659,106	\$	695,226	\$	36,120
Interest on Investments		5,400		5,400		11,602		6,202
Attorney Fees		-		-		2,046		2,046
Miscellaneous					-	1,717	_	1,717
Total Revenues	-	664,506	-	664,506	-	710,591	_	46,085
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Salaries		230,000		230,000		194,733		35,267
Payroll Taxes		8,625		8,625		2,855		5,770
Health Insurance		60,831		82,831		82,999		(168)
Retirement		17,250		17,250		14,605		2,645
Contract Labor		·		-		640		(640)
Storage		540		540		540		- (5.5)
Utilities		8,600		8,600		3,351		5,249
Telephone		8,000		8,000		3,544		4,456
Furniture		8,000		8,000		727		7,273
Copier		4,500		4,500		3,500		1,000
Maintenance		3,000		11,400		375		11,025
Office Supplies		3,500		3,500		2,209		1,291
Janitorial		1,000		1,000		191		809
Election/Legal Notices		3,500		3,500		565		2,935
Appraisal Districts		26,000		26,000		21,471		4,529
Legislative Service		25,000		25,000		2,340		22,660
Legal Fees		25,000		25,000		1,001		23,999
Accounting		14,000		14,000		7,880		6,120
Computer		20,000		20,000		3,160		16,840
Vehicle Replacement Fund		12,960		12,960		3,100		
Vehicle Expense		10,000		10,000		1 001		12,960
Vehicle Insurance		1,200				1,821 483		8,179 717
Travel		4,500		1,200				
Meetings		8,500		4,500		1,172 1,477		3,328
Dues and Miscellaneous				8,500				7,023
Bonds and Insurance		3,500		4,500		4,226		274
		2,500		4,000		3,583		417
Building Insurance Postage		500		567		567		-
		3,500		3,500		597		2,903
Geological Studies		120,000		87,033		- 0.700		87,033
Education Information		20,000		20,000		9,792		10,208
Water Management		10,000		10,000		3,560		6,440
Attorney Fees on Tax Collection Capital Outlay		-		-		2,046		(2,046)
Total Expenditures		664,506	-	664,506		22,627 398,637	_	(22,627) 265,869
Net Change in Fund Balance	 \$		\$	-	\$	311,954	\$	
	Ψ	0.764.704	Ψ	0.704.704	Ψ		Ψ	311,954
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	2,764,784	Ĭ 	2,764,784	-	2,764,784		
Fund Balance - Ending, Budgetary Basis	\$	2,764,784	\$	2,764,784		3,076,738	\$	311,954

HICKORY UNDERGROUND WATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT NO. 1 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actua	I Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
-	Original	Final	(Budge	etary Basis)	Positive (Negative)
Taxes/Interest Receivable - The District budgets	s on the cash basis.		\$	2,575	
Accounts Payable - The District budgets on the	cash basis.			2,837	
Fund Balance - Ending, GAAP Basis			\$	3,082,150	

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District No. 1 have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to state and local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing government accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting and reporting policies and practices used by the District are described below:

Financial Reporting Entity

The Hickory Underground Water Conservation District No. 1 (The District) was created on June 9, 1982 under the terms and provisions of Article XVI, Section 59 of the Constitution of Texas, and Chapter 52 of the Texas Water Code, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes, together with all amendments and additions thereto. The District operates under an elected Board of Directors - Manager form of government for the following purposes:

- to formulate, promulgate and enforce rules and regulations for the purpose of conserving, preserving, protecting and recharging the underground water of the underground water reservoir or subdivision thereof;
- 2. to formulate, promulgate and enforce rules and regulations to control subsidence and to prevent waste of the underground water of the underground water reservoir or subdivision thereof.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity are set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Based on these standards, the Hickory Underground Water Conservation District No. 1 has no component units.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize activities as either governmental activities or business-type activities. In the

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities are presented and reflected on a full accrual economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District has no business-type activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function or segment. Program revenues include contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a specific program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured and basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the time of related cash flows. Property taxes, though measurable, are not available soon enough in the subsequent year to finance current period obligations. Therefore, property taxes are recorded as receivables until they become available. In the fund financial statements, property taxes are recorded as revenue in the period levied to the extent they are collected as of year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantors have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Available means collectibles within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected as of year-end. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures and

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e. collectible within the current year or at year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period.) This includes revenues such as interest revenue.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The District's only fund is the general fund. This is the district's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District. By definition, the general fund is a major governmental fund.

The District has no proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months of less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables

The District's receivables include property taxes and interest receivable, both of which are recorded at full value with no allowance for doubtful accounts.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District carries no material amount of inventory.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. Capital assets purchased, acquired or developed, are carried at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value as of the date donated. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed. A capitalization threshold of \$1,000 is due for all capital assets. Depreciation on capital assets is calculated on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 20 - 50 years

Equipment 2 - 15 years

Vehicles 5 years

Infrastructure

The District has no infrastructure.

Compensated Absences

The District allows employees to accumulate annual leave based on their length of employment with the District. Beginning employees accrue one (1) day per month of leave to a maximum of fifteen (15) days. After three (3) years of employment, leave accrues at one and one-half (1.5) days per month to a maximum of twenty-one (21) days. After ten (10) years of employment, leave accrues at two (2) days per month to a maximum of thirty (30) days. Upon termination, an employee may be reimbursed for annual leave not taken up to the maximum allowable.

As of September 30, 2022, the liability for accrued leave is \$22,397. This amount has been recorded as a noncurrent liability.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

Government-wide Net Position

Government-wide net position is divided into three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- b. Restricted consists of net assets that are restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- c. Unrestricted all other net assets are reported in this category.

Governmental Fund Balances

The following fund balance classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- a. Nonspendable amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- c. Committed amounts constrained to specific purposes by the government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- d. Assigned amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, continued

e. Unassigned - amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The Board of Directors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. Assigned fund balance is established by the Board of Directors through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase of fixed assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes).

In the general fund, the District strives to maintain an unassigned fund balance to be used for operations.

Designations of Fund Balance

Fund balances are designated for the following uses in the governmental funds:

Committed	for:

\$	1,592,500
	1,162,500
	10,000
	34,841
_	100
\$ _	2,799,941
	_

Budgetary Information

The budget requirements for all funds are as follows:

NOTE 2 - COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY, continued

Annual budgets are adopted for all District funds. Under state law, the General Manager submits an annual budget to the Board of Directors for consideration and approval. Such budget is based on expected expenditures by program within the fund and estimates resources by source for the General Fund.

The General Manager submits budget amendment ordinances to the Board of Directors. These ordinances are updated for any estimate revisions as well as year-end encumbrances and may include additional information requested by the Board. The Board may subsequently amend such ordinances. The Board of Directors did not amend the budget for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

For day-to-day management control, expenditures may not exceed the budget at the expenditure-type (i.e., personal services, other operations and maintenance, etc.) level of each cost center (activity within a program within the General Fund.) The Board may transfer unencumbered appropriations within the fund.

Appropriation control (Board of Directors appropriated budget) is within the General Fund. The Board may, by order, transfer amounts among expenditures. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented in the Basic Financial Statements. The annual budget is prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by the General Fund (cash basis).

The annual budget is prepared in accordance with the basis of accounting utilized by that fund (cash basis of accounting). Adjustments have been made to make the budgetary comparative statements conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Expenditures Exceeding Budget

The District had no expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Policies and Practices

The Board of Directors has the authority to choose the types of deposits and investments made by the District. District cash, deposited at several different banks, is protected by a combination of federal deposit insurance coverage and securities pledged by the depository banks. The District does not enter into reverse repurchase agreements.

Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$3,079,294 and the bank balance totaled \$3,091,408. Of the bank balances, \$685,602 was insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation and \$2,405,806 was covered by pledged securities held by Commercial Bank of Mason and Commercial National Bank of Brady. Deposits with the depository banks were fully insured at the balance sheet date.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and tangible personal property, which are used in businesses located in the District. Real property taxes are levied before the first day of October on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1st. Taxes are due and payable upon receipt of the tax bill and are considered delinquent if not paid by February 1st. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Assessed values are established by various county appraisal districts that support the District.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 was as follows:

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION, continued

	Beginning Balance		IncreasesDecreases				Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:									
Not being depreciated:									
Land	\$ 5,000	\$	-	\$_	-	\$	5,000		
Subtotal	5,000		-	_	-		5,000		
Other capital assets:									
Building	62,509		10,973		-		73,482		
Hydro Geo	47,520		1,288		- *		48,808		
Office Equipment	17,763		10,366		-		28,129		
Vehicles	35,512		-		_		35,512		
Subtotal	163,304	_	22,627		-	_	185,931		
Accumulated depreciation:									
Building	(32,768)		(1,884)		-		(34,652)		
Hydro Geo	(29,037)		(2,985)		-		(32,022)		
Office Equipment	(7,707)		(1,417)		-		(9,124)		
Vehicles	(21,308)		(7,103)		-		(28,411)		
Subtotal	(90,820)	_	(13,389)	_	-	_	(104,209)		
Net other capital assets	72,484		9,238		<u>-</u>		81,722		
Net capital assets	\$ 77,484	 - \$_	9,238	\$	_	\$_	86,722		

Depreciation was charged as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 13,389
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 13,389

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE PENSIONS

The Hickory Underground Water Conservation District No. 1 contributes to an IRA-SEP Plan for all full-time District employees. The contributions are based on the employees' salary times a contribution rate of 7.5%. Edward Jones maintains a money market and securities balance for the individuals involved. The District is not responsible for any maintenance of the account as it is held in the individual's name. The total District contributions to the plan for the fiscal year totaled \$14,605.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employees health and life and natural disasters. The District manages these losses by purchasing insurance to preclude any significant losses.

Management believes the insurance coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years nor has there been a reduction in insurance coverage from prior years.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2022 included the following:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning Balance	Additions	 Reductions		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Compensated Absences	\$_	20,409 \$	1,988	\$ -	\$_	22,397	\$_	-
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$_	20,409_\$	1,988	\$ <u>-</u>	\$_	22,397	. \$_	<u>-</u>

NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The District signed an operating lease agreement with CTWP Leasing for the lease of a Kyocera copier. The agreement is effective February 19, 2020 and shall remain in force for 60 months. Minimum future lease payments are listed as follows:

	\$_	8,707
September 30, 2025		1,741
September 30, 2024		3,483
September 30, 2023	\$	3,483

